# Caliper Disc Brakes GREET

### **FEATURES**

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APPLICATIONS
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PNEUMATIC Brakes P10 P20

P220 HYDRAULIC BRAKES H10 H20

H220 H2201 H441

H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS H/ME20

H/ME220 Mechanical Brakes Me10

ME20 ME220 MB3

SPRING APPLIED Brakes FS20

FS220I FS595 DISCS

F\$220

HUBS & BUSHINGS
TENSION CONTROL

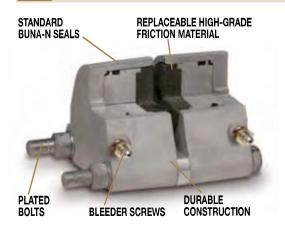
COMBINATIONS INTENSIFIER

SELECTION Worksheet

# PNEUMATIC BRAKES REPLACEABLE HIGH-GRADE STANDARD BUNA-N SEALS DURABLE CONSTRUCTION PLATED BOLTS

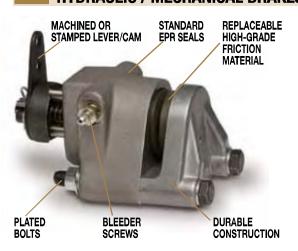
Tolomatic manufactures pneumatic brakes in three sizes: P10 Series, P20 Series and P220 Series. Available in both double acting or single acting. These brakes feature replaceable, high-grade friction material, standard Buna-N seals, aluminum construction and zinc plated bolts. Options include EPR seals, Viton® seals, retractable pistons and floating bracket. (See pages 32 to 37)

### **HYDRAULIC BRAKES**



Tolomatic hydraulic caliper disc brakes are available in the widest range of sizes. From the H10 Series up to the H960 Series, these brakes are sure to supply the braking torque you need for your application. Available in both double acting or single acting (depending on model). These brakes feature replaceable, high-grade friction material, standard Buna-N seals, aluminum or cast iron construction (depending on model), bleeder screws and zinc plated bolts. Options include EPR seals, Viton® seals, retractable pistons and floating brackets. (See pages 38 to 49)

### **HYDRAULIC / MECHANICAL BRAKES**



These Tolomatic brakes combine hydraulic and mechanical braking in one caliper. Available in the H/ME20 Series and H/ME220 Series these single acting calipers deliver high braking torque in a small package. Features include: replaceable, high-grade friction material, standard EPR seals, aluminum or cast iron construction (depending on model), bleeder screws and zinc plated bolts. Options include Buna-N seals, Viton® seals and floating brackets. (See pages 50 to 55)

**SELECTION** 

**PNEUMATIC** 

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BRAKES

P10 P20 P220 Hydraulic Brakes H10 H20

> H220 H2201

H441

H960

HYDRAULIC/

MECHANICAL

COMBOS

H/ME20

H/ME220

BRAKES

**ME10** 

ME20

ME220

MB3

APPLIED BRAKES FS20 FS220 FS2201 FS595 DISCS

HUBS & Bushings

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MECHANICAL

# Caliper Disc Brakes GORDER

### **FEATURES**

# MECHANICAL BRAKES MACHINED OR STAMPED LEVER/CAM DURABLE CONSTRUCTION MECHANICAL BRAKES REPLACEABLE HIGH-GRADE FRICTION MATERIAL PLATED BOLTS

Tolomatic manufactures a broad range of mechanical brakes in these series: ME10, ME20, ME220 and MB3. Designed for use in areas that do not have access to other types of power, these single acting calipers feature replaceable, high-grade friction material, aluminum or cast iron construction (depending on model) and zinc plated bolts. (See pages 56 to 65)

# SPRING APPLIED BRAKES STANDARD BUNA-N SEALS BELLEVILLE SPRING WASHERS DURABLE REPLACEABLE HIGH-CONSTRUCTION GRADE FRICTION MATERIAL BOLTS

Tolomatic offers spring applied brakes in sizes ranging from FS20 Series to FS595 Series. These brakes require pressure (normally hydraulic) for disc release. Braking force is provided by a stack (or stacks) of Belleville spring washers. The concave washers are capable of storing enormous force. When the brake is pressurized a piston(s) moves to compress the spring washer stack(s), thus releasing the disc. These calipers feature replaceable, high-grade friction material, aluminum or cast iron construction (depending on model), Buna-N seals and zinc plated bolts. Options include EPR seals, retractable pistons and manual compensators. (See pages 66 to 79)

# DISC AND HUBS



Tolomatic offers several discs and hubs to fit your application. Most are made of carbon 1010 steel, are flat within .010 inch, stress relieved and blanchard ground to an 80 (RMS) microinch finish. Discs also feature socket head cap screw fasteners and key way set screws. Standard disc diameters are 6-5/16, 8,10, 12 and 16 inches. Disc thicknesses range from 5/32" to 1/2". Available: Fixed Hub and Disc Assemblies, Fixed Hub and Disc Assemblies with Q.D. Bushings, Q.D. Bushings and Hubs, One-Piece Hub and Disc, Blank Disc, Disc with Bolt Circles and Pilot Holes, and Ventilated Disc. (See pages 80 to 87)

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SELECTION

PNEUMATIC Brakes

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COMBOS H/ME20

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**BRAKES** 

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ME220

MB3

SPRING Applied

BRAKES

FS20

FS220 FS220I FS595 DISCS

HUBS & Bushings Tension Control

COMBINATIONS

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**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

MECHANICAL

# Caliper Disc Brakes GORDER

### ME10 SERIES - ALUMINUM

### **AVAILABLE STYLES**

"L" Long Lever (3.50") Single Acting FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC



PICTURED: 0732-0003

"L" Long Lever (3.50")
Single Acting with
Floating Bracket
FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC



PICTURED: 0732-0002

"M" Machined Cam Lever (1.75") Single Acting

FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC



"M" Machined Cam Lever (1.75") Single Acting with Floating Bracket



"S" Short Lever (1.75") Single Acting FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC



PICTURED: 0732-0000

"S" Short Lever (1.75")
Single Acting with
Floating Bracket
FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC



PICTURED: 0732-0001

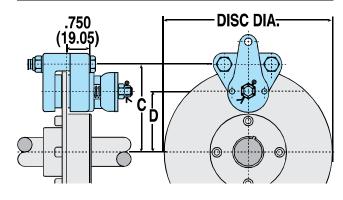
# ME10 SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum lever force "L" Long Lever:	225 Lbs.
Maximum lever force "M" & "S" Levers:	450 Lbs.
Accommodates Tolomatic disc diameters:	6-5/16", 8", 10", 12", 16"
Maximum disc diameter:	none
Housing Material:	Cast aluminum
Bolts:	Zinc plated grade 5
Wearable friction material:	0.47 in <sup>3</sup>
Friction material:	Replaceable, high-grade
Total lining area:	1.84 in <sup>2</sup>
Lever / Cam:	Heat treated one-piece lever/cam or machined "V" notch cam
OPTIONS	
Floating brackets	Stamped etaal construction

Floating bracket: Stamped steel construction with zinc plated steel bushings

Additional lever positions: Consult factory

### **MOUNTING DIMENSIONS** Disc Diameter 6.313" 10" 12" 16" С 4.312 5.312" 6.312" 8.312" 3.469 D 3.376" 2.532" 4.376" 5.376" 7.376" **Braking Radius**



### **DISC SIZING EQUATIONS**

"L" LONG LEVER (3.50"):

DYNAMIC TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 5.38 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.) STATIC (PARKING) TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 2.69 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.)

"M" MACHINED CAM (1.75") & "S" SHORT LEVER (1.75"):

DYNAMIC TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 2.69 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.)
STATIC (PARKING) TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 1.345 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.)

BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) = [DISC DIAMETER ÷ 2] - 0.624

### **CAM TRAVEL DATA**

- 1. 15° maximum travel when linings are new and with 1/32" gap each side of disc.
- Periodic tightening of lock nut will reduce travel of lever and will allow 1/4" wear on each lining.
- 3. 90° maximum travel after 3/16" wear on each lining without intermediate tightening of lock nut.



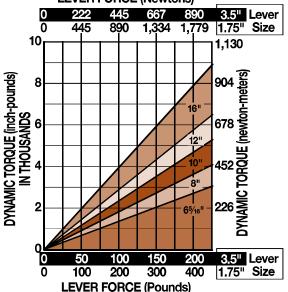
# Caliper Disc Brakes GREET

### **ME10 SERIES - ALUMINUM**

### PERFORMANCE DATA

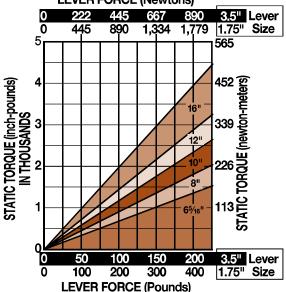
### Dynamic Torque vs Lever Force

**LEVER FORCE (Newtons)** 



### Static Torque vs Lever Force

**LEVER FORCE (Newtons)** 



# BRAKE MODEL LETTER CODES A 5/32\* Thick Disc L Long Lever (ME Brakes) ME Mechanical Brake

S Short Lever (ME Brakes)

M Machined Cam (ME Brakes)

**B** 1/4" Thick Disc **F** Floating Bracket Mount

www.tolomatic.com

### "L" LONG LEVER - SINGLE ACTING

CALIPER DISC Brakes

FEATURES APPLICATIONS

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HYDRAULIC/ Mechanical Brake

COMBOS

H/ME20

H/ME220

ME10

ME20

ME220 MB3

SPRING Applied

**BRAKES** 

**FS20** 

F\$220

F\$2201

FS595

DISCS HUBS & Bushings

**TENSION** 

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**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

additional measurements

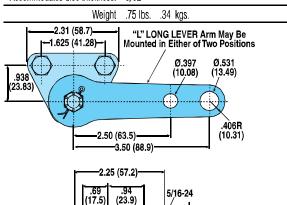
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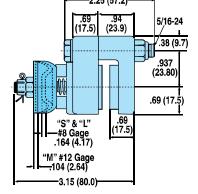
MECHANICAL Brakes

HYDRAULIC Brakes

FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32"





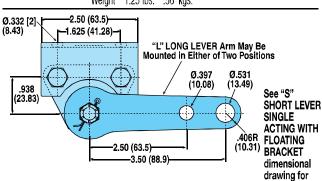
MODEL	DISC	OPTIONS /	ASSEMBLY
Code	THK.	Description	NUMBER
ME10LA	5/32"	Long Lever	0732-0003

# "L" LONG LEVER - SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING BRACKET

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32" 1/4"

Weight 1.25 lbs. .56 kgs.



MODEL CODE	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME10LAF	5/32"	-	3.15"	Long Lever, Floating Bracket	0732-0002
ME10LBF	1/4"	.094"	3.24"	Long Lever, Floating Bracket	0732-0004

CALIPER

### **FEATURES APPLICATIONS SELECTION** GRAPHS

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P10 P20 P220

HYDRAULIC BRAKES **H**10

H20 H220 H2201 H441

H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS H/ME20

H/ME220 MECHANICAL

BRAKES ME10 ME20 ME220

MB3 APPLIED BRAKES FS20 F\$220

F\$2201 FS595 DISCS HUBS & **BUSHINGS** 

TENSION CONTROL COMBINATIONS INTENSIFIER

**SELECTION** WORKSHEET

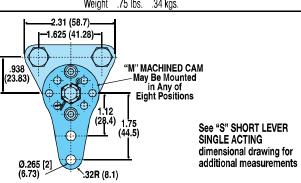
# Caliper Disc Brakes Strakes

### ME10 SERIES - ALUMINUM

### "M" MACHINED CAM - SINGLE ACTING

**FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32" .75 lbs. Weight .34 kgs



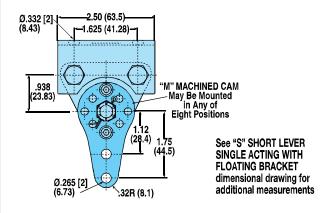
MODEL	DISC	OPTIONS /	ASSEMBLY
Code	THK.	Description	NUMBER
ME10MA	5/32"	Machined Cam	0707-0000

### "M" MACHINED CAM - SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING BRACKET

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32"

> Weight 1.50 lbs. .68 kgs



MODEL Code	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME10MAF	5/32"	_	3.15"	Machined Cam, Floating Bracket	0707-0001

### "S" SHORT LEVER - SINGLE ACTING

**FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32 .75 lbs Weight .34 kgs 2.31 (58.7) 1.625 (41.28) Ø.265 (6.73) .938 32R (23.83)2.25 (57.2) S" SHORT LEVER Arm May Be Mounted in Either .69 (17.5) 5/16-24 1.75 (44.5) (23.9)of Two Positions .38 (9.7) .937 (23.80) .69 (17.5) .69 (17.5) "S" & "L" -#8 Gage .164 (4.17)

MODEL	DISC	OPTIONS /	ASSEMBLY
Code	THK.	Description	NUMBER
ME10SA	5/32"	Short Lever	

"M" #12 Gage —104 (2.64)

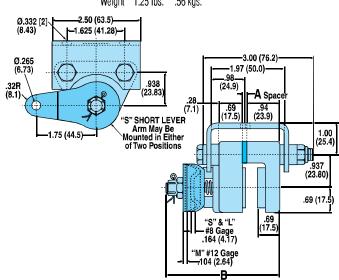
-3.15 (80.0)

### "S" SHORT LEVER - SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING BRACKET

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32" 1/4"

> .56 kgs. Weight 1.25 lbs.



MODEL Code	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME10SAF	5/32"	-	3.15"	Short Lever, Floating Bracket	0732-0001
ME10SBF	1/4"	.094"	3.24"	Short Lever, Floating Bracket	0732-0005

**SELECTION** 

**PNEUMATIC** 

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HYDRAULIC

BRAKES

H10

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H441

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HYDRAULIC/

MECHANICAL

COMBOS H/ME20 H/ME220 **MECHANICAL** BRAKES **ME10** 

ME20

ME220

MB3

APPLIED

**BRAKES** 

FS20

F\$220 F\$2201 FS595 DISCS

HUBS & Bushings **TENSION** 

CONTROL COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER

**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

# Caliper Disc Brakes

ME20 SERIES - ALUMINUM

### AVAILABLE STYLES

"L" Long Lever (3.50") Single Acting **FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 



"L" Long Lever (3.50") Single Acting with Floating Bracket



PICTURED: 0731-0002

"M" Machined Cam Lever (1.75") Single Acting

**FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 



"M" Machined Cam Lever (1.75") Single Acting with Floating Bracket

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC



PICTURED: 0726-0001

# "S" Short Lever (1.75") Single Acting with

**FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 

"S" Short Lever (1.75")



PICTURED: 0731-0000

Single Acting

Floating Bracket

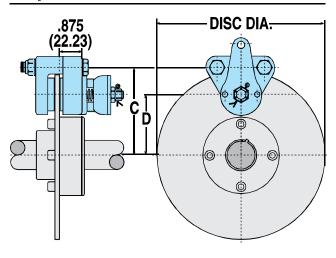


PICTURED: 0731-0001

### Maximum lever force "L" Long Lever: Maximum lever force "M" & "S" Levers: 6-5/16", 8", 10", 12", 16" Accommodates Tolomatic disc diameters: Maximum disc diameter: none Housing Material: Cast aluminum Bolts: Zinc plated grade 5 Wearable friction material: $0.8 \, \text{in}^3$ Friction material: Replaceable, high-grade Total lining area: 3.75 in<sup>2</sup> Lever / Cam: Heat treated one-piece lever/cam or machined "V" notch cam **OPTIONS** Stamped steel construction Floating bracket: with zinc plated steel bushings Additional lever positions: Consult factory

**ME20 SPECIFICATIONS** 

MOUNTING DIMENSIONS							
Disc Diameter		6.313"	8"	10"	12"	16"	
	С	3.531"	4.375"	5.375"	6.375"	8.375"	
Braking Radius	D	2.281"	3.125"	4.125"	5.125"	7.125"	



### **DISC SIZING EQUATIONS**

"L" LONG LEVER (3.50"):

DYNAMIC TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 5.38 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.) STATIC (PARKING) TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 2.69 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.)

"M" MACHINED CAM (1.75") & "S" SHORT LEVER (1.75"):

DYNAMIC TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 2.69 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.) STATIC (PARKING) TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 1.345 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.)

BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) = [DISC DIAMETER ÷ 2] - 0.875

### **CAM TRAVEL DATA**

- 1. 15° maximum travel when linings are new and with 1/32" gap each side of disc.
- 2. Periodic tightening of lock nut will reduce travel of lever and will allow 1/4" wear on each lining.
- 3. 90° maximum travel after 3/16" wear on each lining without intermediate tightening of lock nut.

CALIPER DISC

# Caliper Disc Brakes GORDER

### ME20 SERIES - ALUMINUM

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APPLICATIONS
SELECTION
GRAPHS

GRAPHS PNEUMATIC BRAKES

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**H**10

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HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS H/ME20

H/ME220 MECHANICAL Brakes ME10

ME20 ME220 MB3 SPRING APPLIED BRAKES FS20

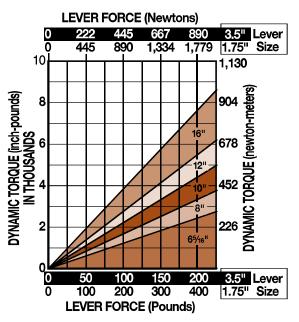
FS220 FS220I FS595 DISCS HUBS & BUSHINGS

TENSION CONTROL COMBINATIONS INTENSIFIER SELECTION

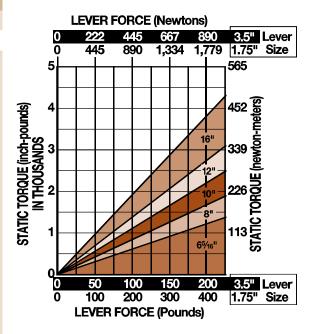
WORKSHEET

### PERFORMANCE DATA

### Dynamic Torque vs Lever Force



### Static Torque vs Lever Force

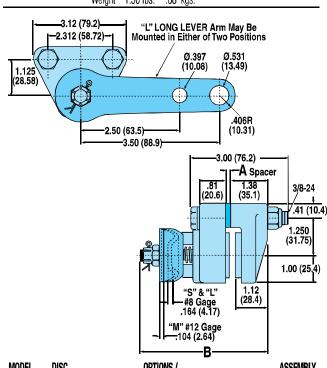


BRAKE MODEL LETTER CODES								
A 5/32" Thick Disc	L Long Lever (ME Brakes)	ME Mechanical Brake						
<b>B</b> 1/4" Thick Disc	M Machined Cam (ME Brakes)	<b>S</b> Short Lever (ME Brakes)						
F Floating Bracket Mount								

# "L" LONG LEVER - SINGLE ACTING FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32" 1/4"

Weight 1.50 lbs. .68 kgs.



MODEL Code	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME20LA	5/32"	-	3.63"	Long Lever	0731-0003
ME20LB	1/4"	.094"	3.73"	Long Lever	0731-0005

### "L" LONG LEVER - SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING BRACKET

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC
Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32" 1/4"

2.25 lbs. 1.02 kgs. Weight Ø.397 [2] 3.38 (85.9) (10.08)-2.250 (57.15)-"L" LONG LEVER Arm May Be Mounted in Either of Two Positions See "S" Ø.531 (13.49) SHORT LEVER (10.08)1.125 (28.58) **SINGLE** ACTING WITH **FLOATING BRACKET** .406R dimensional (10.31) drawing for 2.50 (63.5) 3.50 (88.9) additional -2.312 (58.72)measurements

MODEL Code	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME20LAF	5/32"	-	3.63"	Long Lever, Floating Bracket	0731-0002
ME20LBF	1/4"	.094"	3.73"	Long Lever, Floating Bracket	0731-0006

**SELECTION** 

**PNEUMATIC** 

**HYDRAULIC** 

**BRAKES** 

H10

H20

H220

H2201

H441

H960

**ME10** 

ME20

ME220

MB3

**SPRING** APPLIED

**BRAKES** 

FS20

F\$220

F\$2201

FS595

DISCS

HUBS & Bushings

**TENSION** 

CONTROL

COMBINATIONS

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**SELECTION** WORKSHEET

0731-0004

HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS H/ME20 H/ME220 MECHANICAL BRAKES

GRAPHS

BRAKES

P10

P20 P220

# Caliper Disc Brakes Caliper Disc Brakes

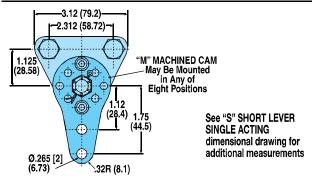
## ME20 SERIES - ALUMINUM

### "M" MACHINED CAM - SINGLE ACTING

FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32"

> .68 kgs Weight 1.50 lbs.



MODEL CODE	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME20MA	5/32"	-	3.63"	Machined Cam	0726-0000
ME20MB	1/4"	.094"	3.73"	Machined Cam	0726-0002

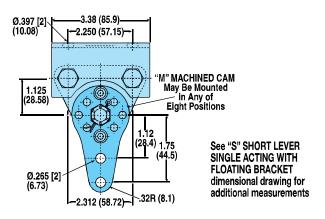
### "M" MACHINED CAM - SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING BRACKET

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32"

www.tolomatic.com

Weight 2.25 lbs. 1.02 kgs

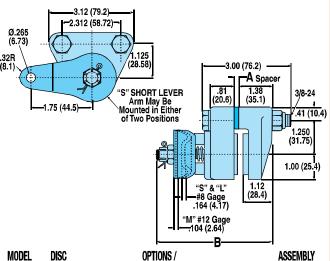


MODEL DISC CODE THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME20MAF 5/32"	-	3.63"	Machined Cam, Floating Bracket	0726-0001
ME20MBF 1/4"	.094"	3.73"	Machined Cam, Floating Bracket	0726-0003

### "S" SHORT LEVER - SINGLE ACTING

**FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 

Accommodates disc thickness: Weight 1.50 lbs. .68 kgs

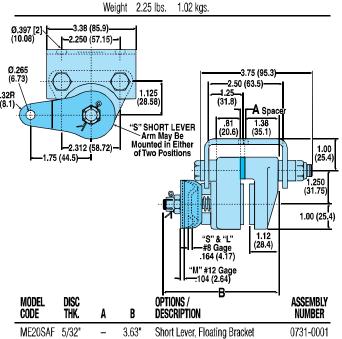


MODEL CODE	DISC THK.	A	В	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME20SA	5/32"	-	3.63"	Short Lever	0731-0000
ME20SB	1/4"	.094"	3.73"	Short Lever	0731-0007

### "S" SHORT LEVER - SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING BRACKET

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32"



Short Lever, Floating Bracket

.094"

ME20SBF

1/4"

3.73"

SELECTION GRAPHS

**PNEUMATIC** 

**HYDRAULIC** 

BRAKES

H10

H20

H220

H2201

H441

H960

HYDRAULIC/

MECHANICAL COMBOS

H/ME20

H/ME220 MECHANICAL

BRAKES

ME10

ME20

ME220

MB3

APPLIED BRAKES

FS20

F\$220 FS2201

FS595

DISCS HUBS & BUSHINGS

**TENSION** 

CONTROL

COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER

**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

BRAKES

P10

P20 P220

# Caliper Disc Brakes Straight

### ME220 SERIES - ALUMINUM OR CAST IRON

### **AVAILABLE STYLES**

### **Aluminum** Single Acting

**FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC** 



**Aluminum** Single Acting with Floating Bracket FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC



PICTURED: 0745-0001

### Cast Iron Sinale Actina



Cast Iron Single Acting with Floating Bracket FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC



PICTURED: 0745-0003

# **FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC**



PICTURED: 0745-0002

## **ME220 SPECIFICATIONS**

Maximum lever force Aluminum Housing:	580 Lbs.
Maximum lever force Cast Iron Housing:	660 Lbs.
Accommodates Tolomatic disc diameters:	6-5/16", 8", 10", 12", 16"
Maximum disc diameter:	16"
Housing Material:	Cast aluminum or Cast ductile iron
Bolts:	Zinc plated grade 8
Wearable friction material:	1.6 in <sup>3</sup>
Friction material:	Replaceable, high-grade
Total lining area:	7.5 in <sup>2</sup>
Lever / Cam:	Heat treated one-piece lever/cam or machine "V" notch cam
Lining Wear Adjustment:	One step procedure

### **OPTIONS**

Floating bracket: Available

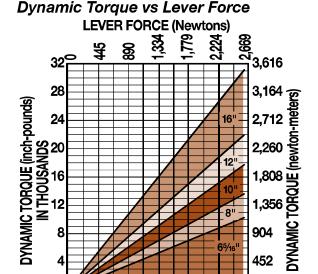
### **CAM TRAVEL DATA**

- 1. Gap between lining faces and disc when new = .048" total.
- 2. Angular movement required to actuate brake when new = 7° 30".
- 3. Maximum axial movement without intermediate adjustment = .387".
- 4. Wear allowed before adjustment .104" each side.

### **DISC SIZING EQUATIONS**

DYNAMIC TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 7.45 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.) STATIC (PARKING) TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 3.725 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.)

### PERFORMANCE DATA

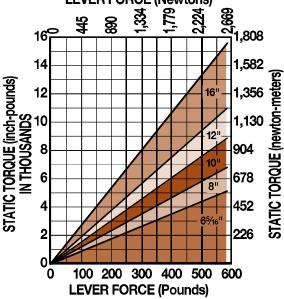


100 200 300 400 500

**LEVER FORCE (Pounds)** 

### Static Torque vs Lever Force **LEVER FORCE (Newtons)**

0



### BRAKE MODEL LETTER CODES

A 5/32" Thick Disc	L 3/8" Thick Disc
B 1/4" Thick Disc	M Machined Cam (ME Brakes)
E 1/2" Thick Disc	ME Mechanical Brake
F Floating Bracket Mount	Q 1-1/2" Thick Disc
Iron	



### CALIPER DISC Brakes

**FEATURES APPLICATIONS** 

**SELECTION** 

PNEUMATIC Brakes

**HYDRAULIC** 

BRAKES

H10

H20

H220

H2201

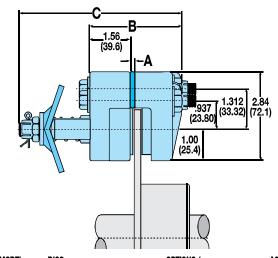
H441 H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS H/ME20

**GRAPHS** 

P20 P220

# ME220 SERIES - ALUMINUM OR CAST IRON

SINGLE ACTING FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC									
Accommodates disc thickness:	5/32"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"					
Aluminum Weight	6.0 lbs.	2.721	(gs.						
Cast Iron Weight	10.9 lbs.	4.94	kgs.						



MODEL Code	DISC THK.	A	В	C	OPTIONS / Description	ASSEMBLY NUMBER
ME220A	5/32"	-	3.03"	5.12"	Mechanical Brake	0745-0000
ME220MAI	5/32"	.500"	3.45"	5.64"	Machined Cam, Cast Iron	0745-0002
ME220B	1/4"	.094"	3.13"	5.22"	Mechanical Brake	0745-0010
ME220MBI	1/4"	.594"	3.55"	5.73"	Machined Cam, Cast Iron	0745-0012
ME220L	3/8"	.218"	3.25"	5.34"	Mechanical Brake	0745-0015
ME220E	1/2"	.344"	3.38"	5.47"	Mechanical Brake	0745-0020

3.00"

3.15"

12"

5.00"

5.08"

4.00"

4.11'

16"

7.09"

7.21"

**MOUNTING DIMENSIONS** 

6.313"

2.13"

2.38"

D

Disc Diameter

**Braking Radius** 

### ME220MEFI 3.80" ME220MQFI 1-1/2" 1.844" 4.80"

CODE

ME220AF	5/32"	-	3.03"	5.12"	Floating Bracket	0745-0001
ME220MAFI	5/32"	.500"	3.45"	5.64"	Fltg Brkt, Mach Cam, Cast Iron	0745-0003
ME220BF	1/4"	.094"	3.13"	5.22"	Floating Bracket	0745-0011
ME220MBFI	1/4"	.594"	3.55"	5.73"	Fltg Brkt, Mach Cam, Cast Iron	0745-0013
ME220LF	3/8"	.218"	3.25"	5.34"	Floating Bracket	0745-0008
ME220LF ME220MLFI	3/8" 3/8"	.218" .718"	3.25" 3.67"	5.34 <b>"</b> 5.86 <b>"</b>	Floating Bracket Fltg Brkt, Mach Cam, Cast Iron	0745-0008 0745-0017
	-,-		0.20		<b>J</b>	

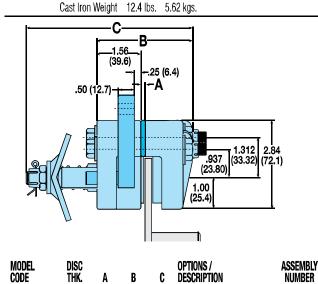
6.98" Fltg Brkt, Mach Cam, Cast Iron 0745-0026

MOI	INITIN	IC DIM	ENICIA	MC		
	JIN I II	NG DIM			401	401
Disc Diameter		6.313"	8"	10"	12"	16"
	D	2.13"	3.00"	4.00"	5.00"	7.09"
Braking Radius		2.38"	3.15"	4.11"	5.08"	7.21"
Ø.397 (10.08) Thru	-4.00 (11).38 (111).	5.7	0 (177.8) – 5 (146.1) – 0 (120.65) –	3 (60.5)	Ø (9)  2.1' (55.	.386 [2] .80] 2.92 7 (74.2)

### SINGLE ACTING WITH FLOATING **BRACKET**

FLOATING MOUNT - FIXED DISC

Accommodates disc thickness: 5/32" 3/8" 1/2" 1-1/2" Aluminum Weight 7.5 lbs. 3.40 kgs.



 IANICAL Brakes
ME10
ME20
ME220

H/ME220

NUMBER

MB3 **SPRING** APPLIED **BRAKES** FS20

F\$220 F\$2201 FS595

DISCS HUBS & Bushings **TENSION** CONTROL COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER **SELECTION** WORKSHEET

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FEATURES APPLICATIONS

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**PNEUMATIC** 

**HYDRAULIC** 

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H10

H20 H220 H220I

H441

H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS H/ME20

H/ME220 MECHANICAL Brakes

ME10

ME20 ME220

MB3 Spring Applied

**BRAKES** 

FS20 FS220 FS2201

FS595 DISCS

HUBS & Bushings Tension

CONTROL COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER

**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

BRAKES

P10 P20 P220

# Caliper Disc Brakes GORDER

# MB3 SERIES - CAST IRON

## **AVAILABLE STYLES**

Single Acting
FIXED MOUNT - FLOATING DISC



PICTURED: 0790-0000

### MB3 SPECIFICATIONS

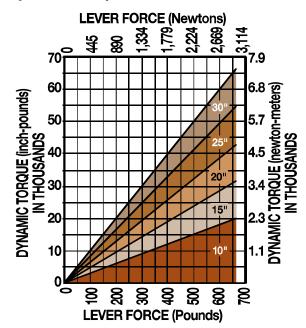
Maximum lever force:	660 Lbs.
Accommodates Tolomatic disc diameters:	10", 12", 16"
Maximum disc diameter:	30"
Housing Material:	Cast iron
Bolts:	Zinc plated grade 5
Wearable friction material:	6.06 in <sup>3</sup>
Friction material:	Replaceable, high-grade
Total lining area:	9.69 in <sup>2</sup>
Machined Cam:	Positioning in 60° increments
Lining Wear Adjustment:	One step procedure
Designed to be more efficient and priced lov	wer than competitive brakes

### **CAM TRAVEL DATA**

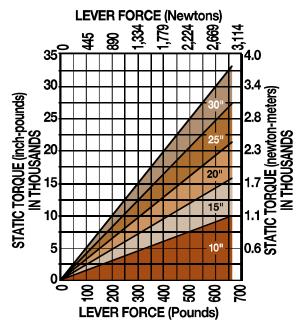
- 1. 0° travel with .500" disc.
- 2. 90° maximum travel after .125" wear on each side of lining without intermediate tightening of the lock nut.

### PERFORMANCE DATA

### Dynamic Torque vs Lever Force



### Static Torque vs Lever Force



### **DISC SIZING EQUATIONS**

DYNAMIC TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 6.99 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.) STATIC (PARKING) TORQUE (IN.-LBS.) = 3.49 x BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) x LEVER FORCE (LBS.) BRAKING RADIUS (IN.) = [DISC DIAMETER ÷ 2] - 0.688

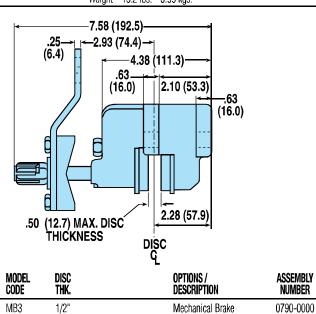


# CALIPER DISC Brakes

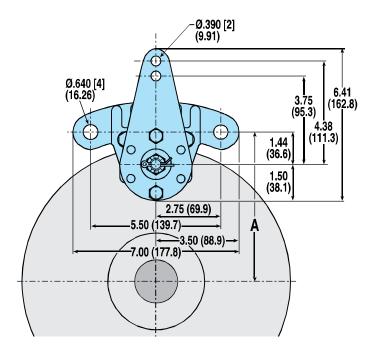
# Caliper Disc Brakes Grand

# MB3 SERIES - CAST IRON





MOUNTING DIMENSIONS								
Disc Diameter 10" 15" 20" 25" 30"								
<b>A</b> 5.50" 8.00" 10.50" 13.00" 15.50"								
Braking Radius		4.09"	6.59"	9.09"	11.59"	14.09"		



**FEATURES APPLICATIONS** 

**SELECTION** GRAPHS PNEUMATIC Brakes

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P220 **HYDRAULIC** 

BRAKES H10

> H20 H220

H2201 H441

H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL BRAKE COMBOS

H/ME20

H/ME220 **MECHANICAL** 

BRAKES ME10

ME20

ME220 MB3

APPLIED BRAKES

FS20 F\$220 F\$2201

FS595 DISCS HUBS & Bushings

**TENSION** CONTROL COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER **SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

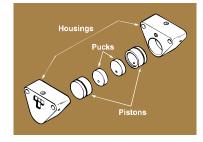
# Caliper Disc Brakes Caliper Disc Brakes

### SELECTION: GENERAL

### **HOW CALIPER DISC BRAKES WORK**

Basically, a caliper disc brake functions like an ordinary rod cylinder. Components consist of a piston, a puck (or pad) of wearable friction material, a housing, and opposing side and a disc on which the brake acts. When pressure is applied to the

piston, the puck is moved into contact with the disc, causing the disc to stop rotating or, in a tensioning application, to supply constant drag. The housing contains the piston and



puck and is located above the disc. There are always two sides to a caliper disc brake: One is known as the "live side" with the piston and puck; the other may be either another "live side" or it may be a "dead side" (another puck which contacts the disc when the "live side" piston is actuated).

Disc brakes are widely used in three areas: Stopping. retarding (tensioning) and holding. In any application it is necessary to determine how much torque is required, how much heat will be generated (and thus, to be dissipated) and the anticipated service life of the linings. Once these variables are determined, then find the combination of disc and caliper that will most economically meet these requirements.

### DETERMINE THE KIND OF BRAKING **TO BE DONE**

- Industrial
  - Tensioning
  - Constant Slip)
- Vehicular

### **DETERMINE PRESSURE** (LEVER FORCE) AVAILABLE

All torque calculations (except for spring applied brakes) are based on the pressure (lever force) available for your application. Maximum pneumatic pressure for Tolomatic caliper disc brakes is 100 PSI. Maximum hydraulic pressure varies by model between 1,000 PSI and 2,000 PSI. Maximum lever force for mechanical brakes varies with model and lever length. Refer to individual models for pressure (lever force) ratings.

### **CALCULATE THE TORQUE REQUIRED**

For convenience, we express the torque formulae separately for industrial applications, vehicular applications and tensioning applications. See the formulae section

(pages 92-95) to determine the torque needed for your application.

# **CALCULATE HEAT DISSIPATION**

The energy generated will either be expressed as BTU per hour (particularly for tensioning applications) or BTU per stop. The formulae for calculating these values are different for industrial, tensioning and vehicular braking. See the formulae section (pages 92-95) to determine the heat generated for your application.

### DETERMINE MAXIMUM DISC DIAMETER

There are two criteria to determine disc diameter:

- ENVELOPE SIZE how much room is allowed in the design for disc and caliper. This affects the braking radius and thus the torque that the caliper can develop.
- HEAT DISSIPATION REQUIRED Cycle rate and torque are needed to determine the heat an application will generate per hour, and thus the heat that the disc will need to dissipate. Discs will normally dissipate heat at the rate of 3 BTU per hour, per square inch of disc area. This assumes a disc temperature of 220° F above ambient temperature of 80°F. Discs rotating at extreme speeds may dissipate heat at rates as high as 5 BTU per hour, per square inch of disc area. If required torque, cycle rate and small envelope size combine to create heat dissipation requirements that are greater than standard disc capabilities, your choices are:
  - 1.) Use a thicker disc (that will act as a heat sink).
  - 2.) Use multiple discs/calipers for the application.
  - **3.)** Use a ventilated disc (to increase the heat dissipation rate).
  - **4.)** Cool disc with forced air (to increase the heat dissipation rate).

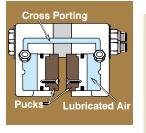
### **DETERMINE THE TYPE OF BRAKE** ACTUATION

Choose a brake based on the type of actuation available (pneumatic, hydraulic, etc.) and whether dynamic or static braking is required for the application.

Tolomatic offers brakes actuated in 5 different ways:

PNEUMATIC

Pneumatic actuation is used in industrial and tensioning applications because pneumatic service is easily controllable and readily available in most industrial settings.



DISC Brakes

CALIPER

**FEATURES APPLICATIONS SELECTION GRAPHS** 

PNEUMATIC Brakes P10

P220 HYDRAULIC BRAKES

H10

P20

H20 H220 H2201

H441 H960 HYDRAULIC/

MECHANICAL COMBOS H/ME20

H/ME220 MECHANICAL BRAKES

> **ME10** ME20 ME220

MB3 **SPRING** APPLIED **BRAKES** 

> FS20 F\$220 F\$2201

FS595 DISCS HUBS & Bushings

**TENSION** CONTROL COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER **SELECTION** WORKSHEET CALIPER

**FEATURES APPLICATIONS** 

**SELECTION** 

**PNEUMATIC** 

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**HYDRAULIC** 

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H2201

H441

H960

HYDRAULIC/

MECHANICAL

COMBOS

H/ME20

H/ME220

BRAKES

ME10

ME20

ME220

MB3 **SPRING** 

APPLIED

BRAKES

FS20

F\$220

FS2201

FS595

DISCS HUBS &

BUSHINGS

**TENSION** 

CONTROL

COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER

**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

90

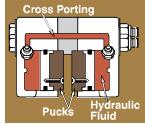
MECHANICAL

# Caliper Disc Brakes Grant

## SELECTION: GENERAL

### HYDRAULIC

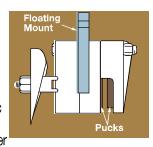
Hydraulic actuated brakes are normally used in applications where higher torque output is needed. They may be operated with a variety of fluids including the standard mineral based



hydraulic oils, automotive brake fluids and nonflammable phosphate ester fluids (each requires different seals).

### MECHANICAL

Mechanically actuated brakes are often used for emergency stopping or holding brakes or in situations where pneumatic or hydraulic pressure is not available. Mechanical caliper



disc brakes operate when the cam lever is rotated. This pushes the actuating pins against the lining's backing plate thus forcing the lining into the disc.

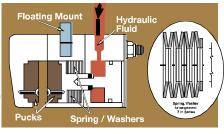
### HYDRAULIC / MECHANICAL COMBOS

Combination brakes give the added flexibility to apply mechanical braking as well as hydraulic braking from one caliper.

### SPRING APPLIED

These brakes require pressure (normally hydraulic) to release it from the disc. Braking force is provided by a stack (or stacks) of Belleville spring washers. The conical washers are capable of storing enormous

force. When the brake is pressurized the force moves a piston(s) to compress the spring washer

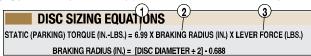


stack(s), thus releasing the disc. Because the force applied by the spring stack is reduced as the spring washers expand, spring applied brakes are used mainly for applications that require occasional stopping or holding. They should not be used in tension-constant slip applications or cyclic stopping industrial applications.

### CHOOSE TOLOMATIC BRAKE SIZE

Tolomatic brakes are grouped by size. These sizes relate to the piston size for each brake. Because maximum pressure (lever force) generated differs between the type of brake (pneumatic, hydraulic, etc.), the maximum torque available differs. The graphs on pages 29 to 31 will be helpful in determining the approximate brake size that will work for your application. Go to each individual brake section to find the equations and performance graphs for that brake.

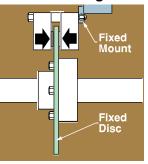
For easy reference, torque output equations that apply to each series of brake are shown at the bottom of the page (see example below). Each equation features: [1.] a constant value (A product of brake piston area, the coefficient of friction and a safety factor.), multiplied by [2.] braking radius (Common disc sizes appear on the page with the dimensional drawing.), multiplied by [3.] pressure (lever force) (You will need to determine.).



The performance data graphs represent these equations for common disc sizes in a convenient, visual way to guickly see how well each brake size will fit your application.

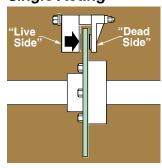
### **CHOOSE DOUBLE ACTING OR** SINGLE ACTING BRAKE

### **Double Acting**



Double acting brakes feature two "live sides". Each side has a piston that actuates the lining, forcing it against the disc. Hydraulic and pneumatic brakes are available in double acting as well as single acting models.

### Single Acting



Single acting brakes have a piston that actuates the lining on the "live side", forcing it against the disc. The "dead side" has a stationary lining attached to the housing. Since only one side has a moving piston, the brakes mounting must allow it to float. Spring applied, mechanical and hydraulic/mechanical brakes are generally single acting.

**SELECTION** 

**PNEUMATIC** BRAKES

**GRAPHS** 

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**HYDRAULIC** 

BRAKES

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H220

H2201

H441

H960

HYDRAULIC/

MECHANICAL

COMBOS

H/ME20

H/ME220

BRAKES

**ME10** 

ME20

ME220

MB3

SPRING

APPLIED **BRAKES** 

**FS20** 

F\$220

F\$2201

FS595

DISCS HUBS & BUSHINGS

**TENSION** 

CONTROL COMBINATIONS

INTENSIFIER

**SELECTION** 

WORKSHEET

MECHANICAL

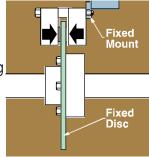
# Caliper Disc Brakes Caliper Disc Brakes

### SELECTION: GENERAL

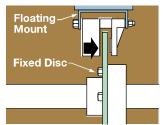
### **DETERMINE MOUNT FOR BRAKE** AND DISC

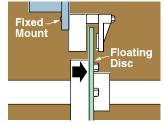
### • For Double Acting **Brakes**

FIXED CALIPER MOUNT/ FIXED DISC - A double acting caliper can be fixed mounted since both linings have pistons to move them. The disc is also fixed mounted.



### •For Single Acting Brakes





FLOATING CALIPER MOUNT/FIXED DISC - A floating mount bracket permits the caliper to shift position when braking force is applied. The disc is rigidly mounted to the shaft.

FIXED CALIPER MOUNT/ FLOATING DISC - The caliper is rigidly mounted and a floating disc mount attaches the disc to the shaft. The two forms of floating disc are:

1.) Disc and hub are mounted on a spline on the shaft. 2.) Hub is rigidly keved to the shaft and the disc is spring loaded to the hub, providing floating ability.

disc when pressure is released. Retractable brakes are used in applications that require a brake with absolutely no residual drag from the linings on the disc.

Almost all Tolomatic brakes can be modified to fit a variety of disc thicknesses.

NOTE: TOLOMATIC RETRACTABLE BRAKES SHOULD NOT BE USED IN VEHICULAR APPLICATIONS WITH A MASTER CYLINDER OR WITH AN INTENSIFIER.

# **DETERMINE LIFE EXPECTANCY OF**

Another consideration in selecting a brake is the life expectancy of the linings. This factor is particularly important if the brake is to be placed in a "hard-to-service" location, faces long intervals between servicing, or is to be used in a tensioning-constant slip application.

Basically, lining life expectancy is a factor of the amount of energy transmitted through the lining and may be measured in total number of stops or hours of life. Both measurements may be reduced to horsepower hours of heat that the lining must endure.

Tolomatic's standard lining is made of a non-asbestos organic material and has a maximum operating temperature of 300°F. An optional sintered metallic lining (depending on model) offers maximum operating temperatures from 400° to 500°F. See the formulae section to determine the lining life expectancy for your application.

### **CONSIDER OPTIONS**

Hydraulic brakes may operate with a variety of fluids. Tolomatic brakes use Buna-N seals most commonly. These seals are suited for use with standard mineral based hydraulic oil. EPR seals, for use with automotive brake fluids, are available for most Tolomatic brakes. Some models also give you the choice of Viton® seals, these seals are suited for use with nonflammable phosphate ester fluids.

Some Tolomatic brakes are available with retractable pistons. A brake with this feature has a small compression spring within the piston which causes it to retract from the

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### **FEATURES APPLICATIONS** SELECTION GRAPHS

**PNEUMATIC** BRAKES P10 P20

**HYDRAULIC** BRAKES H10 H20 H220

H2201

P220

H441 H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL COMBOS H/ME20

H/ME220 MECHANICAL BRAKES ME10

ME20 ME220 MB3

APPLIED BRAKES FS20 F\$220 FS2201

FS595 DISCS HUBS & **BUSHINGS TENSION** 

CONTROL COMBINATIONS INTENSIFIER **SELECTION** 

# WORKSHEET

Where: T = Torque; ft-lbs

K = Radius of gyration of rotating member; ft.

The weight and specific heat of the lining material is very small compared to the disc and can be ignored.

# Caliper Disc Brakes Grand

### SELECTION: FORMULAE: INDUSTRIAL

### INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS FORMULAE

### Calculation of Torque Required

Many industrial applications are concerned with rotary motions that must be brought to rest in a specified time. The torque necessary to satisfy the time requirement must be determined. A convenient formula used to calculate the torque requirement of a single shaft system is:

$$T = \frac{WK^2N}{308t}$$
 [1a]

Where: T = Torque; ft-lbs

W = Weight of rotating member; lbs.

K = Radius of gyration of rotating member; ft.

N = Speed of rotating shaft; rpm

t = Stopping time required; seconds

Or: 
$$T = \frac{WK^2N}{3,696t}$$
 [1b]

Where: T = Torque; in-lbs

K = Radius of gyration of rotating member; in.

Industrial applications often consist of more than one rotating mass system (i.e., two or more shafts with gears, sheaves, drums, etc.) interconnected and operating at different speeds. In such systems the rotating elements must be reduced to a common base. Since the energy of a rotating mass system is a function of the square of its speed, an equivalent **WK**<sup>2</sup> of each rotating member relative to the shaft on which the brake disc is mounted can be calculated using the formulae in the Radius of Gyration Section (page 93).

### Calculation of Heat Generation and Required Dissipation (Industrial)

Heat is always developed in the disc and linings of a brake when a rotating or moving body comes to rest. The kinetic energy in BTUs per stop may be expressed in the following formulae:

BTU/Stop = 
$$\frac{WK^2N^2}{4,570,000}$$
 for a single shaft system [4]

BTU/Stop = 
$$\frac{WK_e^2N_s^2}{4,570,000}$$
 for a multiple shaft system [5]

$$BTU/Stop = \begin{bmatrix} \pi I N_S t \\ 46,680 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [6]

For the best service life the disc temperature should not exceed 300°F. Higher disc temperatures can be allowed, however, there will be a reduction in the life of the friction material. See Figure 1 (page 94).

Since the amount of heat dissipated per hour by the disc at

a given temperature above ambient is considered as being

directly proportional to the exposed area of the disc, disc

thickness should be kept small. Standard thicknesses are

5/32" and 1/4".

In many applications there are no restrictions to disc diameter (within reason). Convert your calculated BTU/ Stop to BTU/hr. with the following formula:

Then solve for the number of square feet of exposed disc area to dissipate the heat generated:

$$Sq. Ft. Disc Area = \frac{BTU/hr}{660}$$
 [8]

Refer to Table 1 (page 94) for selection of proper disc diameter.

NOTE: THE ABOVE FORMULA [8] IS BASED ON A 220°F TEMPERATURE RISE AND AN 80°F AMBIENT TEMPERATURE. IF A HIGHER DISC TEMPERATURE IS DESIRED REFER TO FORMULAE [14], [15], [16] IN THE TENSIONING-CONSTANT SLIP SECTION.

If there is a restriction in the disc diameter(s) and there is sufficient time between stops or multiple of stops for heat dissipation then we can size the disc to act as a heat sink.

$$Wd = \frac{BTU/hr.}{(220)(Sp)}$$

Wd = Weight of disc; lbs. Where:

> Sp = Specific heat of disc may be taken as .12 for steel; BTU/lbs.-°F

Refer to Table 1 (page 94) for selection. If your requirement falls outside of the standard(s) you may calculate the required thickness based on the maximum allowable diameter:

Disc Thickness = 
$$\frac{\text{Wd}}{\text{(A)(.28)}}$$
 [10]

Where: Thickness is in inches

A = Area of maximum allowable diameter; in<sup>2</sup>

If it is found the disc thickness is unrealistic from an economic or space limitation standpoint, multiple discs will have to be provided or forced ventilation must be considered.

# SELECTION: FORMULAE: RADIUS OF GYRATION, TENSIONING

### RADIUS OF GYRATION FORMULAE

### Radius of Gyration for Geometric Forms

Radius of gyration is the distance from the center of rotation at which the entire rotating mass could be concentrated and still be equivalent to the actual distributed mass.

Solid Cylinder About its Own Axis



$$k^2 = \frac{r^2}{2}$$

Hollow Cylinder About its Own Axis



$$k^2 = \frac{r_1^2 + r_2^2}{2}$$

Where: K = Radius of gyration of rotating member; ft.

R = Radius of rotating member; ft.

$$WK_e^2 = WK_S^2 + WK_1^2 \left[ \frac{N_1}{N_S} \right]^2 + \dots$$
 [2]

Where: WK<sub>e</sub><sup>2</sup> = EquivalentWK<sup>2</sup> of the multiple shaft system; lbs-ft<sup>2</sup>

 $WK_s^2$  = WK<sup>2</sup> of the shaft assembly on which the brake disc is mounted; lbs-ft<sup>2</sup>

 $WK_1^2$  = WK<sup>2</sup> of the second shaft assembly; lbs-ft<sup>2</sup>

N<sub>s</sub> = speed of the shaft on which the brake disc is mounted; rpm

N, = speed of the second shaft; rpm

The formula for the torque required to bring the multiple shaft system to rest then becomes:

$$T = \frac{WK_e^2N_s}{308t}$$
 [3a]

Where: T = Torque; ft-lbs

or 
$$T = \frac{WK_e^2N_s}{3,696t}$$
 [3b]

Where: T = Torque; in-lbs  $(WK_e^2 \text{ is in lbs-in}^2)$ 

### TENSIONING / CONSTANT SLIP APPLICATIONS FORMULAE

### Calculation of Torque Required

Applications involving tensioning or constant drag require a different set of formulae since there is not a finite time to stop. Tensioning devices are designed to operate over an infinite period of time. The basic formula for calculating torque for web tensioning is:

$$T = (L)(F)(R)$$
 [11]

Where: T = Torque; in-lbs

L = web width, in.

F = tension; lbs./inch of web width

R = maximum roll radius; in.

The basic formula for calculating BTUs generated per hour is:

BTU/hr. = 
$$\frac{(T)(rpm)}{24.75}$$
 [12]

# Calculation of Heat Generation and Required Dissipation (Tensioning)

In tensioning applications the amount of heat generated must be dissipated as well. Often web velocity is given in fpm, this can be converted to rpm by:

$$rpm = \frac{fpm}{C}$$
 [13]

Where: C = Circumference of roll at maximum diameter; ft.

Therefore to solve for the sq. ft. of surface area of the disc(s):

Sq. Ft. Disc Area = 
$$\frac{BTU/hr}{660}$$
 [14]

The constant of 660 is

based on a maximum disc temperature of 300°F.

To develop a constant for higher disc temperature:

Constant = (3) (temperature rise above ambient) [15]

The actual disc temperature becomes:

Disc Temperature = Temperature Rise + Ambient, °F [16]

Refer to Table 1. Select disc or discs equal to (or greater than) calculated sq. ft. Remember the higher the disc temperature the lower the life of the friction material. See Figure 1 (page 94).

CALIPER DISC Brakes

P10

H/ME220 Mechanical

BRAKES ME10

ME20 ME220 MB3

APPLIED Brakes FS20

F\$220

FS2201 FS595 DISCS

HUBS & BUSHINGS
TENSION
CONTROL

COMBINATIONS
INTENSIFIER
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P220 HYDRAULIC BRAKES H10 H20

H220 H2201

H441 H960 Hydraulic/ Mechanical Brake Combos

H/ME20 H/ME220 MECHANICAL BRAKES ME10

ME20 ME220 MB3 SPRING APPLIED

FS20 FS220 FS220 FS2201 FS595

DISCS
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TENSION
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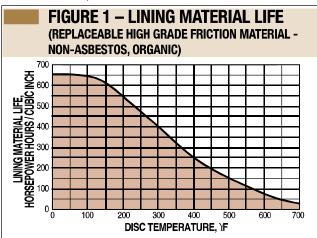
# Caliper Disc Brakes GROBER

### SELECTION: LINING LIFE

### LINING LIFE FORMULAE

### Calculating Service Life of Lining(s)

The lining life per cubic inch shown by Figure 1 below is based on horsepower hours.



### To find the life in hours of lining(s):

(Primarily for tensioning-constant slip applications)

Refer to Formula [12]

HP hrs/hr = 
$$\frac{\text{ft-lbs/hr}}{1,980,000}$$
 [18]

Refer to Table 2 to determine cubic inches of wearable material of various caliper sizes.

Life in = 
$$\frac{\left(\underset{\text{calipers}}{\text{number of}}\right)\left(\underset{\text{Cable 2}}{\text{cubic in.}}\right)\left(\underset{\text{Figure 1}}{\text{HP hrs./in}^3}\right)}{\text{HP hrs./ hr.}}$$
[19]

To find the life of lining(s) in stops: When a rotating mass is brought to rest, the kinetic energy removed can be calculated by the following formulae:

$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{\pi \sqrt{N} \mathbf{N} \mathbf{t}}{60}$$
or
$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{\mathbf{W} \mathbf{K}^2 \mathbf{N}^2}{5872}$$
[20]

HP hrs./Stop = 
$$\frac{E}{1.980.000}$$
 [22]

E = Kinetic Energy; ft-lbs

Where:

Life in = 
$$\frac{\text{(number of)} \left(\text{cubic in.}\right) \left(\text{HP hrs./in}^3\right)}{\text{Calipers}}$$
HP hrs. / Stop

[23]

LINING LIFE CALCULATIONS ARE ESTIMATES AND DO NOT ACCOUNT FOR FOREIGN CONTAMINANTS THAT MAY ABRADE THE LINING OR DISC AND REDUCE LIFE, WHEN THE LIFE MUST BE KNOWN ACCURATELY, FIELD TESTS SHOULD BE CONDUCTED UNDER ACTUAL OR SIMULATED SERVICE CONDITIONS.

TABLE 1 – DISC SPECIFICATIONS								
DISC Diameter	EXPOSI IN <sup>2</sup>	ED AREA Sq. Ft.	SQ MM	W <b>ei</b> gh LBS.	T* KGS.	MAXIMUM BTU / Hr.	MAXIMUM JOULE/HR.	
6.313	62.58	0.43	40,374	1.37	0.62	283.8	299,360	
8.000	100.53	0.70	64,858	3.52	1.60	462.0	487,329	
10.000	157.08	1.09	101,342	5.46	2.48	719.4	758,842	
12.000	226.20	1.57	145,935	7.91	3.59	1,036.0	1,092,799	
16.000	402.12	2.79	259,432	14.06	6.38	1.841.4	1.942.356	

\*BASED ON A STEEL DISC 1/4" THICK (EXCEPT FOR Ø6.313 WHICH IS BASED ON A STEEL DISC 5/32" THICK).

TABLE 2 – CUBIC INCHES OF WEARABLE FRICTION MATERIAL						
CALIPER	CUBIC	CALIPER	CUBIC	SERIES INCHES		
SERIES	INCHES	SERIES	INCHES	- FS440 1.75		
10	.46	FS220 Aluminum	1.66	H441 3.71		
20	.83		1.00	FS595 4.57		
H220 Aluminum	1.66	FS220 Cast Iron w/	2.35	H960 8.00		
H220		JK options	0.00	- MB3 6.06		
Cast Iron	2.35	H440	3.32	-		

CALIPER CUBIC

### **TABLE 3 – CAM TRAVEL DATA**

### ME10 and ME20 Calipers

- 1. 15° maximum travel when linings are new and with 1/32" gap each side of disc.
- 2. Periodic tightening of lock nut will reduce travel of lever and will allow 1/4" wear on each lining.
- 3. 90° maximum travel after 3/16" wear on each lining without intermediate tightening of lock nut.

### ME220 Calipers

- 1. Gap between lining faces and disc when new = .048" total.
- 2. Angular movement required to actuate brake when new = 7° 30".
- 3. Maximum axial movement without intermediate adjustment = .387".
- 4. Wear allowed before adjustment .104" each side.

### MB3 Calipers

- 1. 0° travel with .500" disc.
- 2. 90° maximum travel after .125" wear on each side of lining without intermediate tightening of the lock nut.

# Caliper Disc Brakes GORDER

### SELECTION: FORMULAE: VEHICULAR

### **VEHICULAR APPLICATIONS FORMULAE**

### Calculation of Torque Required

Dynamic T =  $\frac{WR\left[\frac{a}{g} + \frac{b}{100}\right]}{(D)}$  [24]

Where: T = Torque perAxle, vehicle, or wheel; in-lbs

W = Weight on axle including weight transfer, if any, vehicle or wheel; lbs.

R = Loaded tire radius; in.

 $g = 32.2 \text{ ft./sec}^2$ 

b = % of grade

D = Gear Reduction, if drive line mounted

a = Deceleration rate; ft/sec<sup>2</sup>

And

$$a = \frac{V}{t} = \frac{V^2}{2S}$$
 [25]

Where: V = Velocity of vehicle, ft./sec., at moment of brake application

t = Stopping time required; seconds

S = Stopping distance of vehicle; ft.

Parking T = 
$$\frac{WR\left[\frac{b}{100}\right]}{D}$$
 [26]

# Calculation of Heat Generation and Required Dissipation (Vehicular)

 $E = \frac{WV^2}{2q}$  [27]

Where: E = Kinetic Energy; ft-lbs

W = Weight of axle, vehicle, or wheel; lbs.

V = Design speed of vehicle; ft/sec.

$$BTU/hr. = \frac{(E) \left(\frac{\text{stopping}}{\text{frequency/hr.}}\right)}{778}$$
[28]

Then solving for the number of square feet of exposed disc area to dissipate the heat generated:

$$Sq_{\bullet} Ft_{\bullet} Disc Area = \frac{BTU/hr}{660}$$
 [14]

The constant of 660 is based on a maximum disc temperature of 300°F.

If there is a restriction in the disc diameter(s) and there is sufficient time between stops or multiple of stops for heat dissipation then we can size the disc to act as a heat sink.

$$Wd = \frac{BTU/hr.}{(220)(Sp)}$$
 [9]

Where: Wd = Weight of disc; lbs.

Sp = Specific heat of disc may be taken as .12 for steel; BTU/lbs-°F

Refer to Table 1 (page 94) for selection. If your requirement falls outside of the standard(s) you may calculate the required thickness based on the maximum allowable diameter:

Disc Thickness = 
$$\frac{\text{Wd}}{\text{(A)(.28)}}$$
 [10]

Where: Thickness is in inches

A = Area of maximum allowable diameter; in<sup>2</sup>

If it is found the disc thickness is unrealistic from an economic or space limitation standpoint, multiple discs will have to be provided or force ventilation must be considered.

P10

H220 H2201 H441

H960 Hydraulic/ Mechanical Brake Combos

H/ME20 H/ME220

MECHANICAL Brakes Me10

> ME20 ME220 MB3

SPRING APPLIED Brakes FS20

FS220 FS2201 FS595

DISCS

HUBS & BUSHINGS TENSION CONTROL

COMBINATIONS Intensifier Selection

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PNEUMATIC Brakes

P10 P20 P220 **HYDRAULIC** BRAKES **H**10 H20 H220 H2201 H441 H960 HYDRAULIC/ MECHANICAL Brake COMBOS H/ME20 H/ME220 **MECHANICAL** BRAKES ME10 ME20 ME220 MB3 SPRING Applied BRAKES F\$20 FS220 FS2201 FS595 DISCS HUBS & Bushings TENSION CONTROL COMBINATIONS INTENSIFIER **SELECTION** WORKSHEET

# 

### APPLICATION DATA WORKSHEET

Use this form to request engineering assistance. The data you furnish will enable us to understand your application and recommend\* the proper braking equipment. When available, please attach prints or dimensional drawings. For best results copy this page first then fax to: (763) 478-8080 or Mail to: Tolomatic, 3800 County Road 116, Hamel, MN 55340

NAME:	_ TYPE OF EQUIPMENT BRAKES WILL BE USED ON:
TITLE:	_
FIRM:	_
ADDRESS:	_
CITY:	<del></del>
STATE: ZIP:	- MODEL: PROJECT #:
PHONE: ()	_
FAX: ()	
A. VEHICLE SPECIFICATIONS	FREQUENCY OF STOPS:
PLEASE CONTACT FACTORY	COMPLETE OPERATING CYCLE:
TES OF CONTROL OF THE	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DISC DIAMETER:i
B. TENSIONING DATA	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DISC THICKNESS:i
	TYPE OF ACTUATION: Mechanical Spring Applied
	Pneumatic Hydraulic
	MAXIMUM HYDRAULIC OR AIR PRESSURE:p
	BACK PRESSURE:p
	DRIVE SHAFT APPLICATIONS ONLY:
	Gear ratio isin favor of, or againstthe brake
	AVAILABLE DISPLACEMENT:ir
	TYPE OF FLUID:MAXIMUM TORQUE:inlbs,
	AMBIENT TEMPERATURES TO BE ENCOUNTERED:
	LINING LIFE DESIRED:
	LEVER FORCE AVAILABLE
	E. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS
C. STATIONARY EQUIPMENT	
SPECIFICATIONS	
CYCLIC STOPS? Yes No	
W = Weight of rotating member, lbs.	
R = Radius of rotating member, ft.	<u> </u>
WK <sup>2</sup> OF ROTATING PARTS@RPM	
DECELERATION NEEDED:	
Timeseconds fromRPM	
Radians per sec.²	* Recommendation is based on information supplied by the customer. Final acceptance and approval is the responsibility of the customer after field tes
RELEASE PRESSURE FOR SPRING-APPLIED BRAKES	



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